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Datasheet for MB-118-0100

Collagenase Type 1

Overview

Description:	Collagenase Type 1 - MB-118-0100
Item No.:	MB-118-0100
Size:	100 mg
Applications:	Other
Origin:	Clostridium histolyticum

Product Details

Background:	Crude collagenase preparations contain several isoforms of two different collagenases, a sulfhydryl protease, clostripain, a trypsin-like enzyme, and an aminopeptidase. This combination of collagenolytic and proteolytic activities is effective at breaking down intercellular matrices, the essential part of tissue dissociation. One component of the complex is a hydrolytic enzyme which degrades the helical regions in native collagen preferentially at the Y-Gly bond in the sequence Pro-Y-Gly-Pro, where Y is most frequently a neutral amino acid. This cleavage yields products susceptible to further peptidase digestion. Crude collagenase is inhibited by metal chelating agents such as cysteine, EDTA or o-phenanthroline but not DFP. It is also inhibited by α2-macroglobulin, a large plasma glycoprotein. Ca2+ is required for enzyme activity. Particular enzymatic profiles of each collagenase have been correlated with the tissues from which the cells for study were obtained (or with the uses to which the cells are put) and as a result of the correlations several types of crude collagenases have been established. Crude collagenases are widely used in enzymatic primary cell isolation and tissue dissociation procedures. Most researchers employ either crude collagenase preparations such as Types 1, 2, 3, and 4 or chromatographically purified collagenase; the latter usually combined with secondary enzymes such as elastase, hyaluronidase, etc. Collagenase is ideal for researches focused in Stem Cell and Biomarker Research.
Synonyms:	Clostridium histolyticum, Bacterial collagenases, collagenase, caseinase, clostripain, tryptic, ColH, ColG
Species of Origin:	Clostridium histolyticum
Reagent Type:	Enzyme

Target Details

Gene Name:	colH, colG

Purity/Specificity:	Collagenase type 1 is partially purified and has the original balance of collagenase, caseinase, clostripain and tryptic activities. The collagenase assay is a modification of the Mandl collagen digestion procedure wherein collagenase is incubated for five hours with native collagen and the extent of collagen breakdown is determined using the Moore and Stein, JBC, 176, 367, (1948) colorimetric ninhydrin method. Amino acids released are expressed as micromoles L-leucine per milligram collagenase in 5 hours at 37°C, pH 7.5. Caseinase activity, a measure of non-specific proteolytic activity, is determined using the above assay and substituting 25 milligrams vitamin free casein for the collagen substrate. Caseinase activity is calculated as for collagenase activity. Clostripain activity is measured after activation in 2.5 mM dithiothreitol (DTT). One unit hydrolyzes one micromole of BAEE per minute at 25°C, pH 7.6, after activation. Tryptic activity is assayed using the same BAEE method as clostripain, but without activation.
Relevant Links:	• MB-118-0100 SDS • UniProtKB - Q9X721 • UniProtKB - Q46085

Application Details

Suggested Applications:	Other (Based on references)
Application Note:	Collagenase Type 1 is suggested for epithelial, liver, lung and adrenal primary cell isolations. Collagenase is typically used at concentrations from 0.05 % to 0.5 % (w/v) in balanced salt solutions such as Hank's, Earle's and others. For best results the precise mixture of collagenase and proteolytic activities must be tailored to the tissue to be dissociated. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user.
Assay Dilutions:	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
Other:	Collagenase: 295 u/mg dry weight Caseinase: 560 u/mg dry weight Clostripain: 2.06 u/mg dry weight Tryptic: 0.14 u/mg dry weight Endotoxin: 1.57 EU/mg dry weight

Formulation

Physical State:	Lyophilized
Concentration:	295 units/mg by dry weight
Buffer:	None
Preservative:	None
Stabilizer:	None

Reconstitution Volume:	10.0 mL
Reconstitution Buffer:	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)

Shipping & Handling

Shipping Condition:	Ambient
Storage Condition:	Store vial at 2 - 8 ° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiration:	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

References

- Liew YT et al. Loss and gain of motor protein function cause microtubule bundle damage in Drosophila axons. *Curr Biol.* (2026)
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- Tang S et al. Logic-Gated HSV-TK/GCV Suicide Gene Circuit for Triple-Negative Breast Cancer. *Adv Sci (Weinh).* (2026)
- Yu Z et al. Engineering an immuno-nanoprodrug: Photo-controlled pyroptosis synergizing with acid-activatable immunometabolic blockade for potent cancer immunotherapy. *Acta Pharm Sin B.* (2026)
- He W et al. FBXL3 serves as a suppressor of regenerative myogenesis. *Front Immunol.* (2025)
- Zheng J et al. Satellite cell-specific deletion of Cipc alleviates myopathy in mdx mice. *Cell Rep.* (2022)
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- Rahman, AA et al. Nigral dopaminergic neuron replenishment in adult mice through VE-cadherin-expressing neural progenitor cells. *Neural Regeneration Research* (2017)

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