

Datasheet for ABTS-100

ABTS ELISA Peroxidase Substrate**Overview**

Description:	ABTS ELISA Peroxidase Substrate - ABTS-100
Item No.:	ABTS-100
Size:	100 mL
Applications:	ELISA

Product Details

Background:	ABTS (2,2'-Azino-bis(3-ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulfonic acid)) is a colorimetric substrate suitable for peroxidase (HRP) enzyme labeling, producing a green color upon oxidation that is measurable at 405-410 nm. ABTS is preferred for applications requiring a soluble end product and is compatible with both plate readers and spectrophotometers.
Synonyms:	2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulphonic acid), ABTS ELISA Peroxidase Substrate, colorimetric substrate

Target Details

Purity/Specificity:	pH: 4.0 +/- 0.05 Stability @ 18° to 26°C: PASS Stability @ 4°C: PASS QC Raw Material: PASS Absorbance check of final product: PASS Performance Data per ELISA: PASS
Relevant Links:	ABTS-100 SDS

Application Details

Tested Applications:	ELISA
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Application Note: ABTS ELISA Peroxidase Substrate is a ready to use substrate - No dilution required. Read absorbance of blue green color at 405 nm. The color formation as a function of time can be recorded at intervals or the reaction may be stopped by addition of acid after 30 mins. A 0.625 Mol L-1 Oxalic Acid stop solution is recommended, color is stable for 1hr.

Assay Dilutions: All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.

ELISA: 1X

Formulation

Physical State: Liquid - clear to very pale green

Concentration: 1X

Stabilizer: Proprietary buffer with enhancer

Shipping & Handling

Shipping Condition: Ambient

Storage Condition: Store container at 4° C prior to opening. Protect from moisture and light. No special shipping conditions or precautions are required.

Expiration: Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

Images



Bottle
 ABTS ELISA Peroxidase Substrate

References

- Damek-Poprawa M et al. Localization of *Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans* cytolethal distending toxin subunits during intoxication of live cells. *Infect Immun.* (2012)
- Xynogala I et al. Evaluation of the humoral immune response to the cytolethal distending toxin of *Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans* Y4 in subjects with localized aggressive periodontitis. *Oral Microbiol Immunol.* (2009)
- Cao L et al. Role of Aromatic Amino Acids in Receptor Binding Activity and Subunit Assembly of the Cytolethal Distending Toxin of *Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans*. *Infect Immun.* (2008)
- Cao L et al. Characterization of point mutations in the *cdtA* gene of the cytolethal distending toxin of *Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans*. *Mol Microbiol.* (2005)
- Cohen RA et al. Nasal secretory response to allergen provocation. *Clin Allergy.* (1988)

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