

Datasheet for 811-1202**Fab Rabbit IgG (H&L) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated****Overview**

Description:	Goat Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - 811-1202
Item No.:	811-1202
Size:	1 mg
Applications:	Dot Blot, WB, IF
Reactivity:	Rabbit
Host Species:	Goat

Product Details

Background:	Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) Antibody generated in goat detects rabbit IgG. Representing approximately 75% of serum immunoglobulins, IgG is the most abundant antibody isotype found in the circulation. IgG molecules are synthesized and secreted by plasma B cells. Secondary Antibodies are available in a variety of formats and conjugate types. When choosing a secondary antibody product, consideration must be given to species and immunoglobulin specificity, conjugate type, fragment and chain specificity, level of cross-reactivity, and host-species source and fragment composition. Fab Antibody is ideal for investigators who routinely perform flow cytometry, immunofluorescence, IHC, and other immunoassays. This Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG Antibody is conjugated to fluorescein.
Synonyms:	Goat Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG Antibody Fluorescein Conjugation, Goat Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG FITC Conjugated Antibody
Host Species:	Goat
Specificity:	IgG (H&L)
Conjugate:	Fluorescein (FITC)
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Format:	IgG Fab
F/P Ratio:	2.0

Target Details

Reactivity:	Rabbit
--------------------	--------

Immunogen:	Rabbit IgG whole molecule
Purity/Specificity:	This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography using Rabbit IgG coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities, papain digestion and chromatographic separation. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Fluorescein and anti-Goat Serum. No reaction was observed against anti-Papain or anti-Goat IgG F(c).

Application Details

Tested Applications:	Dot Blot, WB
Suggested Applications:	IF (Based on references)
Application Note:	Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) Antibody has been tested by dot blot and western blot and is designed for immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms requiring extremely low background levels, absence of F(c) mediated binding, lot-to-lot consistency, high titer and specificity.
Assay Dilutions:	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
FLISA:	1:10,000 - 1:50,000
IF:	1:1,000 - 1:5,000

Formulation

Physical State:	Lyophilized
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm
Buffer:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Preservative:	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
Stabilizer:	10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free
Reconstitution Volume:	1.0 mL
Reconstitution Buffer:	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)

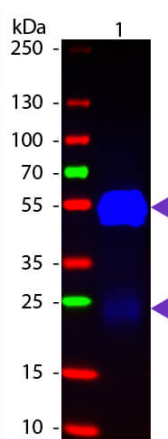
Shipping & Handling

Shipping Condition:	Ambient
----------------------------	---------

Storage Condition: Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Expiration: Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

Images



Western Blot

Western blot of Fluorescein conjugated Goat Fab Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibody. Lane 1: Rabbit IgG. Lane 2: None. Load: 50 ng per lane. Primary antibody: None. Secondary antibody: Fluorescein goat secondary antibody at 1:1,000 for 60 min at RT. Blocking: MB-070 for 30 min at RT. Predicted/Observed size: 25 & 55 kDa, 25 & 55 kDa for Rabbit IgG. Other band(s): None.

References

- Michinaga S. et al. Endothelin receptor antagonists alleviate blood-brain barrier disruption and cerebral edema in a mouse model of traumatic brain injury: A comparison between bosentan and ambrisentan. *Neuropharmacology* (2020)
- Michinaga S et al. Delayed Administration of BQ788, an ET B Antagonist, after Experimental Traumatic Brain Injury Promotes Recovery of Blood-Brain Barrier Function and a Reduction of Cerebral Edema in Mice. *J Neurotrauma*. (2018)
- Michinaga S et al. Improvement of cold injury-induced mouse brain edema by endothelin ETB antagonists is accompanied by decreases in matrixmetalloproteinase 9 and vascular endothelial growth factor-A. *Eur J Neurosci*. (2015)

Disclaimer

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Please contact a technical service representative for more information. All products of animal origin manufactured by Rockland Immunochemicals are derived from starting materials of North American origin. Collection was performed in United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspected facilities and all materials have been inspected and certified to be free of disease and suitable for exportation. All properties listed are typical characteristics and are not specifications. All suggestions and data are offered in good faith but without guarantee as conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control. All claims must be made within 30 days following the date of delivery. The prospective user must determine the suitability of our materials before adopting them on a commercial scale. Suggested uses of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license under any patent of Rockland Immunochemicals, Inc. If you require a commercial license to use this material and do not have one, then return this material, unopened to: Rockland Inc., P.O. BOX 5199, Limerick, Pennsylvania, USA.