

## Datasheet for 610-742-124

**Mouse IgG (H&L) Antibody DyLight™ 549 Conjugated Pre-Adsorbed****Overview**

<b>Description:</b>	Donkey Anti-Mouse IgG (H&L) Antibody DyLight™ 549 Conjugated (Min X Bv Ch Gt GP Ham Hs Hu Rb Rt & Sh Serum Proteins) - 610-742-124
<b>Item No.:</b>	610-742-124
<b>Size:</b>	100 µg
<b>Applications:</b>	WB, IF, IHC, Multiplex
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Mouse
<b>Host Species:</b>	Donkey

**Product Details**

<b>Background:</b>	Anti-Mouse IgG DyLight549 Antibody generated in donkey detects reactivity to Mouse IgG. Secreted as part of the adaptive immune response by plasma B cells, immunoglobulin G constitutes 75% of serum immunoglobulins. Immunoglobulin G binds to viruses, bacteria, as well as fungi and facilitates their destruction or neutralization via agglutination (and thereby immobilizing them), activation of the compliment cascade, and opsonization for phagocytosis. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the F(c) region, recognized by high-affinity Fc receptor proteins, as well as the F(ab) region possessing the epitope-recognition site. Both the Heavy and Light chains of the antibody molecule are present. Secondary Antibodies are available in a variety of formats and conjugate types. When choosing a secondary antibody product, consideration must be given to species and immunoglobulin specificity, conjugate type, fragment and chain specificity, level of cross-reactivity, and host-species source and fragment composition.
<b>Synonyms:</b>	Donkey anti-Mouse IgG DyLight 549™ Conjugated Antibody, Donkey anti Mouse IgG Antibody DyLight 549™ Conjugation
<b>Host Species:</b>	Donkey
<b>Specificity:</b>	IgG (H&L)
<b>Conjugate:</b>	DyLight™ 549
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Format:</b>	IgG
<b>F/P Ratio:</b>	3.8

## Target Details

<b>Reactivity:</b>	Mouse
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Mouse IgG whole molecule
<b>Purity/Specificity:</b>	This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography using Mouse IgG coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Donkey Serum, Mouse IgG and Mouse Serum. No reaction was observed against Bovine, Chicken, Goat, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Horse, Human, Rabbit, Rat and Sheep Serum Proteins. This antibody will react with heavy chains of mouse IgG and with light chains of most mouse immunoglobulins.

## Application Details

<b>Tested Applications:</b>	WB
<b>Suggested Applications:</b>	IF, IHC, Multiplex (Based on references)
<b>Application Note:</b>	Anti-Mouse IgG DyLight549 Antibody has been tested by western blot and is designed for immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms. The emission spectra for this DyLight™ conjugate match the principle output wavelengths of most common fluorescence instrumentation.
<b>Assay Dilutions:</b>	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
<b>FLISA:</b>	>1:20,000
<b>IF:</b>	>1:5,000
<b>WB:</b>	>1:10,000

## Formulation

<b>Physical State:</b>	Lyophilized
<b>Concentration:</b>	1.0 mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm
<b>Buffer:</b>	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
<b>Preservative:</b>	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
<b>Stabilizer:</b>	10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free

**Reconstitution Volume:** 100  $\mu$ L

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**Reconstitution Buffer:** Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)

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## Shipping & Handling

**Shipping Condition:** Ambient

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**Storage Condition:** Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

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





**Expiration:** Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

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## Images

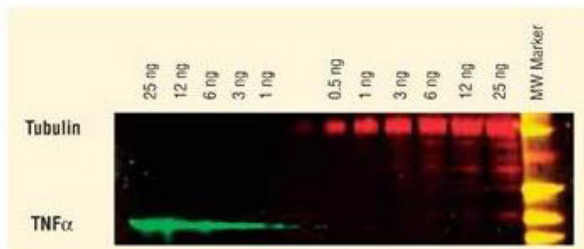
### Diagram

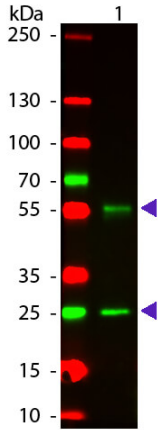
Properties of DyLight™ Conjugates.

Emission	Color	DyLight™ Dye	Ex/Em (nm)	$\epsilon$ ( $M^{-1} cm^{-1}$ )	Similar Dyes
Blue		405	400/420	30,000	Alexa™ 405, Cascade Blue
Green		488	493/518	70,000	Alexa™ 488, Cy2®, FITC
Yellow		549	550/568	150,000	Alexa™ 546, Alexa 555, Cy3®, TRITC
Red		649	646/674	250,000	Alexa™ 647, Cy5®
Near Infrared		680	682/715	140,000	Alexa™ 680, Cy5.5®, IRDye™ 700
Infrared		800	770/794	270,000	IRDye™ 800

### Immunofluorescence Microscopy

DyLight™ dyes can be used for two-color Western Blot detection with low background and high signal. Anti-tubulin was detected using a DyLight™ 549 conjugate. Anti-TNF $\alpha$  was detected using a DyLight™ 649 conjugate. The image was captured using the Typhoon™ 9410 Imaging System.

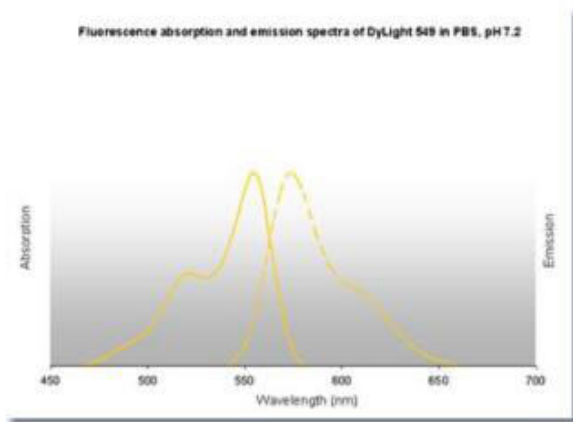




### Western Blot

Western Blot of DyLight™ 549 conjugated Donkey Anti-Mouse IgG Pre-Adsorbed secondary antibody. Lane 1: Mouse IgG. Lane 2: None. Load: 50 ng per lane. Primary antibody: None. Secondary antibody: DyLight™ 549 donkey secondary antibody at 1:1,000 for 60 min at RT. Blocking: MB-070 for 30 min at RT. Predicted/Observed size: 25 & 55 kDa, 25 & 55 kDa for Mouse IgG. Other band(s): None.

### Diagram



## References

- Ayyar BV et al. CLIC and membrane wound repair pathways enable pandemic norovirus entry and infection. *Nat Commun.* (2023)
- Takahashi K et al. Periodontal ligaments enhance neurite outgrowth in trigeminal ganglion neurons through Wnt5a production induced by mechanical stimulation. *Am J Physiol Cell Physiol.* (2022)
- Iguchi, N et al. Functional constipation induces bladder overactivity associated with upregulations of Htr2 and Trpv2 pathways. *Scientific Reports* (2021)
- Nishimura K et al. Dynamics of L cells along the crypt-villous axis in the chicken ileum. *Domest Anim Endocrinol.* (2016)
- Tanase JI et al. Magnesium chloride and polyamine can differentiate mouse embryonic stem cells into trophectoderm or endoderm. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.* (2016)
- Scoles DR et al. ETS1 regulates the expression of ATXN2. *Hum Mol Genet.* (2012)

## Disclaimer

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Please contact a technical service representative for more information. All products of animal origin manufactured by Rockland Immunochemicals are derived from starting materials of North American origin. Collection was performed in United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspected facilities and all materials have been inspected and certified to be free of disease and suitable for exportation. All properties listed are typical characteristics and are not specifications. All suggestions and data are offered in good faith but without guarantee as conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control. All claims must be made within 30 days following the date of delivery. The prospective user must determine the suitability of our materials before adopting them on a commercial scale. Suggested uses of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license under any patent of Rockland Immunochemicals, Inc. If you require a commercial license to use this material and do not have one, then return this material, unopened to: Rockland Inc., P.O. BOX 5199, Limerick, Pennsylvania, USA.