

Datasheet for 610-156-121**Mouse IgG (H&L) Antibody ATTO 647N Conjugated Pre-Adsorbed****Overview**

Description:	Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H&L) Antibody ATTO 647N Conjugated (Min X Bv Ch Gt GP Ham Hs Hu Rb Rt & Sh Serum Proteins) - 610-156-121
Item No.:	610-156-121
Size:	500 µg
Applications:	WB, IF, Multiplex
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host Species:	Goat

Product Details

Background:	Anti-Mouse IgG ATTO 647N Antibody generated in goat detects reactivity to Mouse IgG. Secreted as part of the adaptive immune response by plasma B cells, immunoglobulin G constitutes 75% of serum immunoglobulins. Immunoglobulin G binds to viruses, bacteria, as well as fungi and facilitates their destruction or neutralization via agglutination (and thereby immobilizing them), activation of the complement cascade, and opsonization for phagocytosis. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the F(c) region, recognized by high-affinity Fc receptor proteins, as well as the F(ab) region possessing the epitope-recognition site. Both the Heavy and Light chains of the antibody molecule are present. Secondary Antibodies are available in a variety of formats and conjugate types. When choosing a secondary antibody product, consideration must be given to species and immunoglobulin specificity, conjugate type, fragment and chain specificity, level of cross-reactivity, and host-species source and fragment composition.
Synonyms:	Goat Anti-Mouse IgG Antibody ATTO647N Conjugation, Goat Anti-Mouse IgG ATTO 647N Conjugated Antibody
Host Species:	Goat
Specificity:	IgG (H&L)
Conjugate:	ATTO 647N
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Format:	IgG
F/P Ratio:	1.4

Target Details

Reactivity:	Mouse
Immunogen:	Mouse IgG whole molecule
Purity/Specificity:	Mouse IgG (H&L) Antibody ATTO 647N was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography using Mouse IgG coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Goat Serum, Mouse IgG and Mouse Serum. No reaction was observed against Bovine, Chicken, Goat, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Horse, Human, Rabbit, Rat and Sheep Serum Proteins. This antibody will react with heavy chains of mouse IgG and with light chains of most mouse immunoglobulins.

Application Details

Tested Applications:	WB
Suggested Applications:	IF, Multiplex (Based on references)
Application Note:	Anti-Mouse IgG ATTO 647N Antibody has been tested by western blot and is designed for STED microscopy, FRET, immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms. The emission spectra for this ATTO conjugate matches the principle output wavelengths of most common fluorescence instrumentation.
Assay Dilutions:	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
FLISA:	>1:20,000
IF:	>1:5,000
WB:	>1:10,000

Formulation

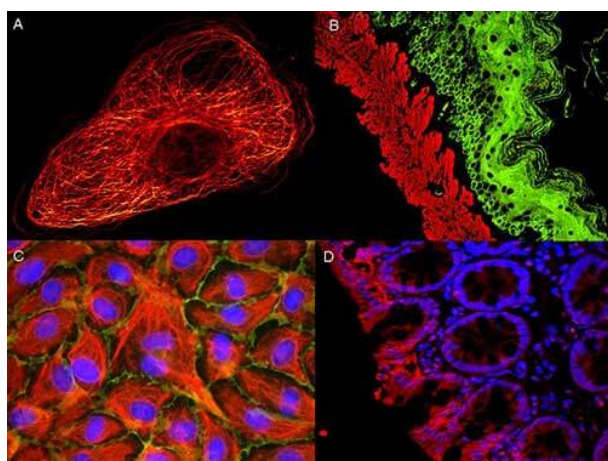
Physical State:	Lyophilized
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm
Buffer:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Preservative:	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
Stabilizer:	10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free

Reconstitution Volume:	500 μ L
Reconstitution Buffer:	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)

Shipping & Handling

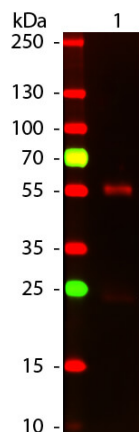
Shipping Condition:	Ambient
Storage Condition:	Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiration:	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

Images



Immunofluorescence Microscopy

ATTO[®] dyes can be used for multicolor immunofluorescent detection with low background and high signal. Examples shown are: A. Tubulin in PtK2- male Rat Kangaroo Kidney Epithelial Cells was detected using ATTO 532 labeled secondary antibody. B. Muscle alpha-actin was stained with a mouse primary antibody and ATTO 488 anti-mouse IgG (green) while Cytokeratin was stained with polyclonal rabbit anti-cytokeratin and ATTO 647N anti-rabbit IgG (red). C. HUVEC (Human umbilical vein endothelial cells) were stained with anti- Vimentin-ATTO 532 (green), anti-E-Cadherin-ATTO 655 (red) and DAPI (blue). D. Rat colon sections were stained with Anti-Aquaporin 3-ATTO 594 antibody. Hoechst 33342 (blue) is used as counterstain. Images provided courtesy of Dr. Jörg Reichwein, ATTO-TEC GmbH



Western Blot

Western Blot of ATTO 647N conjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG Pre-Adsorbed secondary antibody. Lane 1: Mouse IgG. Lane 2: none. Load: 50 ng per lane. Primary antibody: none. Secondary antibody: ATTO 647N goat secondary antibody at 1:1,000 for 60 min at RT. Block: MB-070 for 30 min at RT. Predicted/Observed size: 25 & 55 kDa, 25 & 55 kDa for Mouse IgG. Other band(s): none.

References

- Ogunmowo TH et al. Intersectin and endophilin condensates prime synaptic vesicles for release site replenishment. *Nat Neurosci.* (2025)
- Kunz, TC et al. The Expandables: Cracking the Staphylococcal Cell Wall for Expansion Microscopy. *Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology* (2021)
- Dankovich TM et al. Extracellular matrix remodeling through endocytosis and resurfacing of Tenascin-R. *Nat Commun.* (2021)
- Ivanova D et al. CtBP1-mediated membrane fission contributes to effective recycling of synaptic vesicles. *Cell Rep.* (2020)
- Gotz R et al. Nanoscale imaging of bacterial infections by sphingolipid expansion microscopy. *Nat Commun.* (2020)
- Kunz, TC et al. Detection of Chlamydia Developmental Forms and Secreted Effectors by Expansion Microscopy. *Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology* (2019)
- Purkey AM et al. AKAP150 palmitoylation regulates synaptic incorporation of Ca²⁺-permeable AMPA receptors to control LTP. *Cell Rep.* (2018)
- Richter KN et al. Comparative synaptosome imaging: a semi-quantitative method to obtain copy numbers for synaptic and neuronal proteins. *Sci Rep.* (2018)
- Maidorn et al. Nanobodies reveal an extra-synaptic population of SNAP-25 and Syntaxin 1A in hippocampal neurons. *mAbs* (2018)
- Gomes de Castro et al. Aptamers provide superior stainings of cellular receptors studied under super-resolution microscopy. *PLOS One* (2017)

Disclaimer

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Please contact a technical service representative for more information. All products of animal origin manufactured by Rockland Immunochemicals are derived from starting materials of North American origin. Collection was performed in United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspected facilities and all materials have been inspected and certified to be free of disease and suitable for exportation. All properties listed are typical characteristics and are not specifications. All suggestions and data are offered in good faith but without guarantee as conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control. All claims must be made within 30 days following the date of delivery. The prospective user must determine the suitability of our materials before adopting them on a commercial scale. Suggested uses of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license under any patent of Rockland Immunochemicals, Inc. If you require a commercial license to use this material and do not have one, then return this material, unopened to: Rockland Inc., P.O. BOX 5199, Limerick, Pennsylvania, USA.