

Datasheet for 600-401-A59S**SMAD2 Antibody****Overview**

Description:	Anti-SMAD2 (RABBIT) Antibody - 600-401-A59S
Item No.:	600-401-A59S
Size:	25 µL
Applications:	ELISA, WB
Reactivity:	Human, Monkey
Host Species:	Rabbit

Product Details**Background:**

This antibody is designed, produced, and validated as part of a collaboration between Rockland and the National Cancer Institute (NCI). Smad2 (also known as Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2, Mothers against DPP homolog 2, Mad2, hMAD-2 or hSMAD2) is a member of the Smad family of proteins which are similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4 is important for the translocation of this protein into the nucleus, where it binds to target promoters and forms a transcription repressor complex with other cofactors. This protein can also be phosphorylated by activin type 1 receptor kinase, and mediates the signal from the activin. Alternatively, spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene. SMAD2 may act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma. It positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. SMAD2 may be associated with diseases such as Keloids and Ureteral Disease. Anti-SMAD2 Antibody is useful for researchers interested in SMAD pathways, transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding, and cancer research.

Synonyms:	rabbit anti-SMAD2 antibody, SMAD-2, SMAD 2, mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2 antibody, MAD homolog 2, Mothers against DPP homolog 2, SMAD family member 2, MADH2, MADH 2, JV18-1
Host Species:	Rabbit

Clonality:	Polyclonal
Format:	IgG

Target Details

Gene Name:	SMAD2
Reactivity:	Human, Monkey
Immunogen Type:	Conjugated Peptide
Immunogen:	This affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to an internal region of human Smad2 protein.
Purity/Specificity:	This affinity purified antibody is directed against human Smad2 protein. The product was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Smad2 protein from human, mouse and rat based on 100% homology with the immunizing sequence. Reactivity against homologues from other sources is not known. Also, the antibody is Smad2 specific, and reactivity to other Smad proteins (specifically Smad1, Smad3, Smad4, and Smad7) is not detected in over-expressed cell lysates (Personal Communication, Kathleen Flanders, CCR-NCI, Bethesda, MD).
Relevant Links:	• UniProtKB - Q15796 • NCBI - 5174511 • GenelD - 4087

Application Details

Tested Applications:	ELISA, WB
Application Note:	This affinity purified antibody has been tested for use in ELISA and western blotting. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately 52 kDa in size corresponding to Smad2 protein by western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract.
Assay Dilutions:	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
ELISA:	1:100,000
IP:	User Optimized
WB:	1:1,000 - 1:3,000

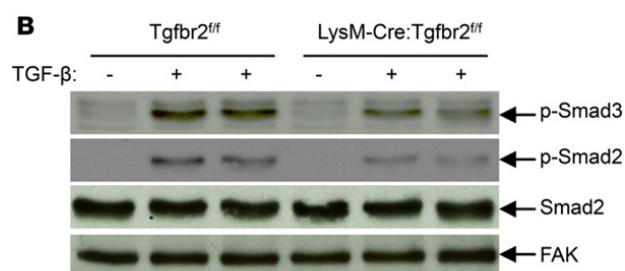
Formulation

Physical State:	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Concentration:	0.55 mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm
Buffer:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Preservative:	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
Stabilizer:	None

Shipping & Handling

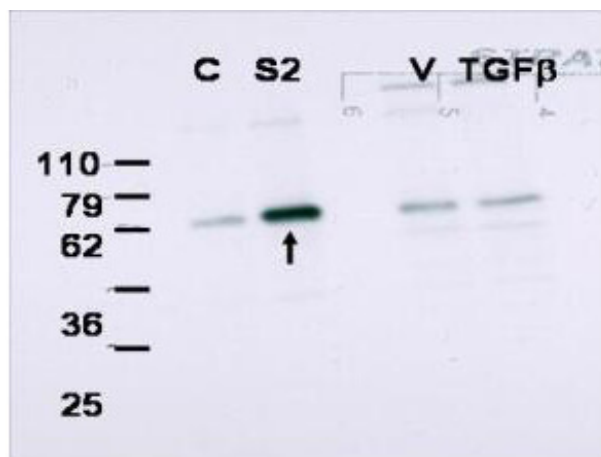
Shipping Condition:	Dry Ice
Storage Condition:	Store vial at -20° C or below prior to opening. This vial contains a relatively low volume of reagent (25 µL). To minimize loss of volume dilute 1:10 by adding 225 µL of the buffer stated above directly to the vial. Recap, mix thoroughly and briefly centrifuge to collect the volume at the bottom of the vial. Use this intermediate dilution when calculating final dilutions as recommended below. Store the vial at -20°C or below after dilution. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.
Expiration:	Expiration date is three (3) months from date of receipt.

Images



Western Blot

(B) Macrophages were stimulated with 2 ng/ml recombinant TGF-β for 30 minutes. TGF-βRII deletion led to decreases in TGF-β-stimulated phosphorylation of Smad2 and Smad3, an indication of TGF-βRII deficiency. Smad2 (p/n 600-401-A59); p-Smad3, phospho-Smad3 (p/n 600-401-919); p-Smad2, phospho-Smad2 (p/n 600-401-K09); FAK, focal adhesion kinase. Fig 1. PMID: 30385721



Western Blot

Western blot using Rockland's affinity purified anti-Smad2 to detect over-expressed Smad2 in COS cells (arrow). Lane C shows mock infection of COS cells with lentiviral vector alone. Lane S2 shows detection of Smad2 in lysates of COS transfected with Smad2. Lane V contains lysates of MDA-MB231 cells treated with vehicle; the next lane contains lysates of MDA-MB231 cells treated with TGF beta. Low levels of staining in control lanes correspond to detection of endogenous Smad2. Pre-incubation of the antibody with immunizing peptide (data not shown) completely blocks specific band staining. The blot presented is askew relative to the molecular weight markers. The expected MW for Smad2 is 52 kDa. The membrane was probed with the primary antibody at a 1:2500 dilution. Personal Communication Kathleen Flanders, CCR-NCI, Bethesda, MD.

References

- Chung et al. TGF- β promotes fibrosis after severe acute kidney injury by enhancing renal macrophage infiltration. *JCI Insight* (2018)

Disclaimer

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Please contact a technical service representative for more information. All products of animal origin manufactured by Rockland Immunochemicals are derived from starting materials of North American origin. Collection was performed in United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspected facilities and all materials have been inspected and certified to be free of disease and suitable for exportation. All properties listed are typical characteristics and are not specifications. All suggestions and data are offered in good faith but without guarantee as conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control. All claims must be made within 30 days following the date of delivery. The prospective user must determine the suitability of our materials before adopting them on a commercial scale. Suggested uses of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license under any patent of Rockland Immunochemicals, Inc. If you require a commercial license to use this material and do not have one, then return this material, unopened to: Rockland Inc., P.O. BOX 5199, Limerick, Pennsylvania, USA.