

Datasheet for 200-103-150S**Luciferase Antibody Peroxidase Conjugated****Overview**

Description:	Anti-Luciferase (GOAT) Antibody Peroxidase Conjugated - 200-103-150S
Item No.:	200-103-150S
Size:	25 µL
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Reactivity:	Luciferase
Host Species:	Goat

Product Details

Background:	Anti luciferase Antibody recognizes luciferase that is commonly used in biological research as a reporter to assess the transcriptional activity in cells that are transfected with a genetic construct containing the luciferase gene under the control of a promoter of interest. Luciferase can also be used to detect the level of cellular ATP in cell viability assays or for kinase activity assays. Additionally proluminescent molecules that are converted to luciferin upon activity of a particular enzyme can be used to detect enzyme activity in coupled or two-step luciferase assays. Such substrates have been used to detect caspase activity and cytochrome P450 activity, among others. Anti-Luciferase Peroxidase conjugated antibody is produced from Photinus pyralis (Firefly) which produces a green light with a wavelength of 562 nm. Expect a band at approximately 60.7 kDa in size corresponding to Luciferase by western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract.
Synonyms:	goat anti-Luciferase Antibody HRP Conjugation, Peroxidase Conjugated goat anti-Luciferase Antibody
Host Species:	Goat
Conjugate:	Peroxidase (HRP)
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Format:	IgG

Target Details

Reactivity:	Luciferase
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Immunogen Type:	Native Protein
Immunogen:	Luciferase [Photinus pyralis (Firefly)]
Purity/Specificity:	Anti-Luciferase Peroxidase Conjugated is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Peroxidase, anti-Goat Serum as well as purified and partially purified Luciferase [Photinus pyralis (Firefly)]. No reactivity is observed against Sea pansy (Renilla reniformis) luciferase.

Application Details

Tested Applications:	ELISA, WB
Suggested Applications:	IHC (Based on references)
Application Note:	Anti-Luciferase Peroxidase conjugated antibody is produced from Photinus pyralis (Firefly) which produces a green light with a wavelength of 562 nm. Anti-Luciferase Peroxidase has been tested by ELISA and western blot. Expect a band at approximately 60.7 kDa in size corresponding to Luciferase by western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract. Anti-Luciferase has been assayed against 1.0 ug of Luciferase [Photinus pyralis (Firefly)] in a standard capture ELISA using ABTS (2,2'-azino-bis-[3-ethylbenthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid]) code # ABTS-100 as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1:50,000 to 1:200,000 of the reconstitution concentration is suggested for this product.
Assay Dilutions:	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
ELISA:	1:2,000 - 1:30,000
WB:	1:500 - 1:2,000

Formulation

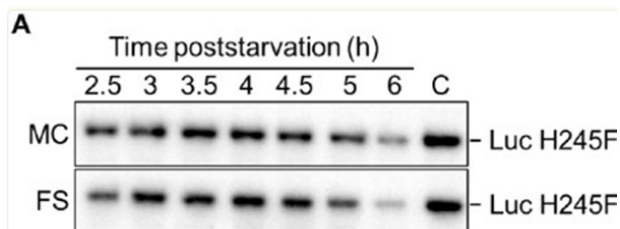
Physical State:	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm
Buffer:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Preservative:	0.01% (w/v) Gentamicin Sulfate. Do NOT add Sodium Azide!
Stabilizer:	10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free

Shipping & Handling

Shipping Condition:	Dry Ice
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Storage Condition:	Store vial at -20° C or below prior to opening. This vial contains a relatively low volume of reagent (25 µL). To minimize loss of volume dilute 1:10 by adding 225 µL of the buffer stated above directly to the vial. Recap, mix thoroughly and briefly centrifuge to collect the volume at the bottom of the vial. Use this intermediate dilution when calculating final dilutions as recommended below. Store the vial at -20°C or below after dilution. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.
Expiration:	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

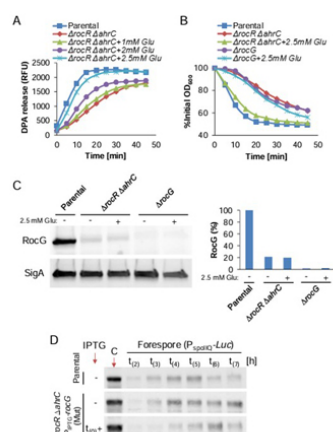
Images



Western Blot

The relative ATP concentration rises in the mother cell and does not decline in the forespore during sporulation. B. subtilis strains engineered to express luc H245F in the MC or the FS were starved to induce sporulation. At 2 h PS, culture aliquots were transferred to a 96-well plate, prior to measuring the luminescence intensity in arbitrary units (AU) and the Luc H245F level in AU by immunoblot analysis with anti-Luc antibodies. (A) Representative immunoblots showing Luc H245F levels in the MC and the FS during sporulation. A control sample (C) on the same blot was used for normalization of signal intensities.

Blots were probed with goat anti-Luciferase horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugate (1:10,000) (p/n 200-103-150).
 Fig. 3. PMID: 32515031



Western Blot

The effect of glutamate supplementation during sporulation on $\Delta rocR \Delta ahrC$ germination. (A) LR33 (Parental), LR38 ($\Delta rocR \Delta ahrC$) strains, lacking *gudB*, were grown in DSM medium with or without glutamate at the indicated concentrations. The corresponding spores were purified, and germination was followed by monitoring the relative fluorescence units (RFU) of Tb3+-DPA. Shown is a representative experiment out of three independent biological repeats. (B) LR33 (Parental), LR38 ($\Delta rocR \Delta ahrC$), LR137 ($\Delta rocG$) strains, lacking *gudB*, were grown in DSM sporulation medium with or without 2.5 mM glutamate. After 20 hrs of incubation, spores were purified, induced to germinate by L-Ala (10 mM) ($t=0$), and germination was followed by monitoring OD600 decrease. Shown is a representative experiment out of three independent biological repeats. (C) LR33 (Parental), LR38 ($\Delta rocR \Delta ahrC$), LR137 ($\Delta rocG$) strains, lacking *gudB*, were incubated in DSM medium supplemented with 2.5 mM glutamate. At t_0 of sporulation, cells were collected and disrupted for protein extraction. Equal amounts of protein extracts were subjected to Western blot analysis (left panel) with antibodies against RocG or SigA, which serves as a loading control. Quantification of the RocG signal was shown as percentage of the parental signal (right panel). (D) LR209 [Parental (PspolIQ-luc)], LR227 [Mut (PspolIQ-luc, PIPTG-rocG, $\Delta rocR \Delta ahrC$)] strains were incubated in DSM medium to induce sporulation. At t_0 of sporulation, IPTG was added to induce *rocG* expression, and samples were collected and disrupted for protein extraction at indicated sporulation time points. Equal amounts of protein extracts were subjected to Western blot analysis with antibody against Luciferase. C-indicates a loading control, derived from LR209 strain at t_5 .

Figure S9, related to Figure 5 and Figure 6. PMID: 36274945

References

- Hu L et al. A first-in-class inhibitor of Hsp110 molecular chaperones of pathogenic fungi. *Nat Commun.* (2023)
- Rao L et al. Glutamate catabolism during sporulation determines the success of the future spore germination. *iScience.* (2022)
- Parrell D et al. Channels modestly impact compartment-specific ATP levels during *Bacillus subtilis* sporulation and a rise in the mother cell ATP level is not necessary for Pro- σ K cleavage. *Mol Microbiol.* (2020)
- Lina IA et al. A mouse model for the study of transplanted bone marrow mesenchymal stem cell survival and proliferation in lumbar spinal fusion. *Eur Spine J.* (2019)

Disclaimer

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